

## Digital Health Technology topics in development at NICE

### *Medical technologies guidance (MTG)*

[Sleepio](#)

[MYCOPD](#)

[Kardiamobile](#)

### *MIBs:*

[AI Chest Imaging](#)

[AI technologies in mammography](#)

## Published NICE Guidance for Digital Health Technologies

### *Medical technologies guidance (MTG)*

[MTG32: HeartFlow FFRCT for estimating fractional flow reserve from coronary CT angiography](#)

[MTG52: Zio XT for detecting cardiac arrhythmias](#)

Other MTGs with digital components include nerve stimulators ([MTG50](#), [MTG46](#), [MTG41](#)), decision support systems ([MTG24](#), [MTG13](#)), and control systems ([MTG37](#), [MTG28](#))

### *Diagnostics guidance (DG) – examples in last 18 months*

[DG32: Adjunctive colposcopy technologies for assessing suspected cervical abnormalities](#)

[DG35: Lead-I ECG devices for detecting symptomatic atrial fibrillation using single time point testing in primary care](#)

[DG41: Implantable cardiac monitors to detect atrial fibrillation after cryptogenic stroke](#)

## Other published work by NICE on Digital Health Technologies

### *NICE Guidelines*

[NG183 \(2020\): Behaviour change: digital and mobile health interventions](#)

Many other guidelines with recommendations containing DHTs e.g. [CG90 Depression in adults](#): recommendations include use of computerised CBT

# NICE National Institute for Health and Care Excellence

## ***NICE Advice***

Published ~50 medtech innovation briefings (MIBs) with a digital component

Recent examples:

[Dexcom G6 for real-time continuous glucose monitoring \(MIB233\)](#)

[KardiaMobile for the ambulatory detection of atrial fibrillation \(MIB232\)](#)

[Healthy.io test for home testing of urine albumin to creatinine ratio \(MIB221\)](#)

[CFHealthHub for managing cystic fibrosis during the COVID-19 pandemic \(MIB219\)](#)